

References

- ¹ United States Census Bureau. *Census 2000 PHC-T-5. Ranking Tables for Incorporated Places of 100,000 or More: 1990 and 2000, Table 1. Incorporated Places of 100,000 or More in Alphabetic Sort, with 1990 and 2000 Population, and Numeric and Percent Change: 1990 to 2000.* Accessed at World Wide Web Address: <http://www.census.gov>.
- ² Parker E, Schulz A, Israel B, Hollis R. *Detroit's East Side Village Health Worker Partnership: community-based lay health advisor intervention in an urban area.* Health Education and Behavior 1998; 25 (1): 24-45.
- ³ James SA. *Racial and ethnic differences in infant mortality and low birthweight: a psychosocial critique.* Ann Epidemiol 1993; 3:130-136.
- ⁴ American Academy of Pediatrics. *Changing concepts of Sudden Infant Death Syndrome: implications for infant sleeping environment and sleep position.* Pediatrics 2000; 105 (3): 650-654.
- ⁵ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Immunization at a glance.* Accessible at World Wide Web address: www.CDC.gov
- ⁶ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Immunization Program. Estimated vaccination coverage among children 19-35 months of age by race/ethnicity and by state and immunization action plan area--US, National Immunization Survey, Q1/2000-Q4/2000 (Table). Accessed at World Wide Web Address: http://www.cdc.gov/nip/coverage/NIS/00/43133_race_iap.xls. April 10, 2002.
- ⁷ Geronimus, AT. *On teenage childbearing and neonatal mortality.* Pop and Dev Review: 13(2): 245-279.
- ⁸ Geronimus, AT. *Black/White differences in the relationship of maternal age to birthweight: a population-based test of weathering hypothesis.* Soc Sci Med; 42(4): 589-597.
- ⁹ Geronimus, AT. *To mitigate resist or undo: addressing structural influences on the health of urban populations.* Am J Public Health; 90 (6): 867-872.
- ¹⁰ Ventura SJ, Mosher WD, Curtin SC, Abma JC, Henshaw S. *Trends in pregnancy rates for the United States, 1976-97: An update.* National vital statistics reports; vol 49 no. 4. Hyattsville, Maryland: National Center for Health Statistics. 2001.
- ¹¹ Leddick, L. *1999 Youth Risk Behavior Survey, Detroit Public Schools Results.*
- ¹² Michigan Department of Community Health and Michigan State University. *Michigan PRAMS: Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 1999*
- ¹³ National Institutes of Health, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute. *Data Fact Sheet: Asthma Statistics.* January 1999.
- ¹⁴ Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Epidemiology Services. *Asthma Web Page.* <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/pha/epi/esd/Asthma/>. September 6, 2001.
- ¹⁵ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Environmental Health. *Facts on lead.*
- ¹⁶ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Screening Young Children for Lead Poisoning: Guidelines for State and Local Public Health Officials.* <http://www.hud.gov/lea/cdcguide.pdf>, November 1997.
- ¹⁷ MLCPPP, Michigan Department of Community Health. *Childhood lead poisoning facts.* November 2000.
- ¹⁸ American Public Health Association. *"Cater to the children": the role of the lead industry in a public health tragedy, 1900-1955.* Am J Public Health; 90 (1): 36-46.
- ¹⁹ American Academy of Pediatrics. Policy statement: screening for elevated blood lead levels (RE9815). *Pediatrics*, June 1998, v101, n6, p1972(7).
- ²⁰ Michigan Department of Community Health, Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program. Unpublished data.
- ²¹ Detroit Health Department, Tuberculosis Control Program. *Public health fact sheet: Tuberculosis.* August 2000.
- ²² Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV, STD and TB Prevention, Division of Tuberculosis Elimination. *Frequently asked questions.* Accessed at World Wide Web address <http://www.cdc.gov>, April 2, 20002.
- ²³ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV, STD and TB Prevention, Division of Tuberculosis Elimination. *Frequently asked questions.* Accessed at World Wide Web address <http://www.cdc.gov>, April 2, 20002.

-
- ²⁴ Michigan Department of Community Health. *Tuberculosis from Critical Health Indicators*. World Wide Web Address: <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us>
- ²⁵ Michigan Department of Community Health, Bureau of Epidemiology, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Section. *2000 Epidemiologic Profiles of HIV/AIDS in Michigan*.
- ²⁶ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Guidelines for national human immunodeficiency virus case surveillance, including monitoring for human immunodeficiency virus case surveillance and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome*. MMWR 1999; 48 (NO. RR-13): 1-7.
- ²⁷ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*. 2001; 50 (21): 429-434.
- ²⁸ HIV/AIDS Surveillance Section, Bureau of Epidemiology, Michigan Department of Community Health. *Review of HIV/AIDS epidemic in Michigan, 2000*. World Wide Web Address: <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us>.
- ²⁹ Michigan Department of Community Health. *Critical Health Indicators*. <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/dch/chi/PDF/8r.pdf>
- ³⁰ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Sexually Transmitted Disease Surveillance, 2000*. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, September 2001.
- ³¹ Michigan Department of Community Health, Sexually Transmitted Disease Section, Division of HIV/AIDS-STD and Division for Vital Records and Health Statistics. *Number and percent of chlamydia cases reported in 2000 in ten local health department with highest number of cases reported in 2000* (Table). Accessed at World Wide Web Address: <http://www.michigan.gov/mdch>
- ³² Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Sexually Transmitted Disease Surveillance, 2000*. Atlanta, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, September 2001.
- ³³ Michigan Department of Community Health, Sexually Transmitted Disease Section, Division of HIV/AIDS-STD and Division for Vital Records and Health Statistics. *Number and percent of gonorrhea cases reported in 2000 in ten local health department with highest number of cases reported in 2000* (Table). Accessed at World Wide Web Address: <http://www.michigan.gov/mdch>
- ³⁴ Michigan Department of Community Health, Sexually Transmitted Disease Section, Division of HIV/AIDS-STD and Division for Vital Records and Health Statistics. *Number and percent of p & s syphilis cases reported in 2000 in ten local health department with highest number of cases reported in 2000* (Table). Accessed at World Wide Web Address: <http://www.michigan.gov/mdch>
- ³⁵ National Cancer Institute. *What you need to know about cancer-an overview*. NIH Publication No. 00-1566. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.cancer.gov/>.
- ³⁶ National Cancer Institute. *What you need to know about lung cancer*. NIH Publication No. 99-1553. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.cancer.gov/>.
- ³⁷ Michigan Department of Community Health. *Facts about lung cancer*. January 2002. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/Cancer/cac/LungFacts.pdf>.
- ³⁸ Michigan Department of Community Health. *Facts about prostate cancer*. January 2002. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/Cancer/cac/ProstateFacts.pdf>.
- ³⁹ National Cancer Institute. *What you need to know about prostate cancer*. NIH Publication No. 00-1576. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.cancer.gov>
- ⁴⁰ Barbara Ann Karmanos Cancer Institute. *Prostate cancer in Blacks*. Accessible by World Wide Web address <http://www.karmanos.org/we/research/prostate/african.html>.
- ⁴¹ Michigan Department of Community Health. *Facts about breast cancer*. January 2002. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/Cancer/cac/BreastFacts.pdf>.
- ⁴² National Cancer Institute. *Breast-U.S. racial/ethnic cancer patterns*. Accessible at World Wide Web Address: <http://www.cancer.gov>
- ⁴³ Michigan Department of Community Health. *Facts about colorectal cancer*. January 2002. Accessible by World Wide Web address: <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/Cancer/cac/ColorectalFacts.pdf>.
- ⁴⁴ American Heart Association. *Common cardiovascular diseases*. www.americanheart.org

-
- ⁴⁵ Division of Cerebrovascular Diseases, Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research. *Stroke education*. World Wide Web Address: <http://www.mayo.edu/cerebro/education/stroke.html>, 11 September 2001.
- ⁴⁶ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Preventing heart disease and stroke: addressing the nation's leading killers*. World Wide Web Address: <http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/cvd/cvdaag.htm>, 11 September 2001.
- ⁴⁷ American Heart Association. *High blood pressure*. www.americanheart.org
- ⁴⁸ American Heart Association. *2002 Heart and stroke statistical update*. Dallas, Texas: American Heart Association; 2001.
- ⁴⁹ American Heart Association. *Congestive heart failure*. Accessible at World Wide Web Address: www.americanheart.org
- ⁵⁰ Michigan Department of Community Health, Division for Vital Records and Health Statistics. *Preventable hospitalizations and rates per 10,000 population for patients of all ages by selected leading diagnoses, Michigan residents, 1991-1999 (Table)*. World Wide Web Address: www.mdch.state.michigan.us
- ⁵¹ American Heart Association. *Angina pectoris*. World Wide Web Address: www.americanheart.org
- ⁵² American Diabetes Association. *Basic diabetes information*. World Wide Web Address: <http://www.diabetes.org>, 12 September 2001.
- ⁵³ American Diabetes Association. *Diabetes among Blacks*. World Wide Web Address: <http://www.diabetes.org>, September 2001.
- ⁵⁴ Rocchini, AP. *Childhood obesity and a diabetes epidemic*. *New Engl J of Med* . 2002; 346 (11): 854-55.
- ⁵⁵ American Diabetes Association. *Diabetes in children*. Accessed at World Wide Web address: <http://www.diabetes.org>, April 10, 2002.
- ⁵⁶ Michigan Department of Community Health, Diabetes, Dementia, and Kidney Section. *Diabetes in Michigan*. August 2000.
- ⁵⁷ DDInsite: The Techknowledge Developmental Disability Resource for Georgia. World Wide Web, http://www.arch.gatech.edu/crt/Techknow/MedConditions/Substance_Abuse.htm, 11 September 2001.
- ⁵⁸ U.S. Department Of Health And Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Office of Applied Studies. *Drug Abuse Warning Network annual Medical Examiner data, 1999*.
- ⁵⁹ Trent, C. City of Detroit Bureau of Substance Abuse (presentation). August, 2001.
- ⁶⁰ Detroit Death Files. Michigan Department of Community Health, Division for Vital Records and Health Statistics.
- ⁶¹ Detroit Health Department, Substance Abuse Bureau Database.
- ⁶² Detroit Health Department, Substance Abuse Bureau Database.
- ⁶³ Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Mental Health Performance. *Drug Abuse Trends in Detroit/Wayne County and Michigan*. December 2001.
- ⁶⁴ Michigan Department of Community Health, Violence Prevention Section. *Violence and Young People: Michigan*. World Wide Web Address: www.mdch.state.mi.us.
- ⁶⁵ Detroit Health Department, Office of Health Policy, Planning, and Grants Management. Unpublished data.
- ⁶⁶ Detroit Health Department, Office of Health Policy, Planning, and Grants Management. *Accidents, Suicides, and Homicides/Legal Interventions*. June 2001.
- ⁶⁷ Department of Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms. *Crime Gun Trace Reports, 1999, Detroit*. November 2000.
- ⁶⁸ U. S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. *Key facts at a glance: trends in victimization rates by age. Violent victimization rates by age, 1973-00*. Accessed at World Wide Web address: <http://www.bjs.ojp.usdoj.gov>
- ⁶⁹ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *CDC Surveillance Summaries*, June 9, 2000. MMWR 2000;49(No. SS-5).
- ⁷⁰ Wilcox, K. Hogan, J. *An analysis of childhood asthma hospitalizations and deaths in Michigan, 1989-1993 (Summary and Recommendations)*. <http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/pha/epi/esd/Asthma/cami.htm>

⁷¹ Wilcox, K. Hogan, J. *Asthma hospitalizations, Detroit residents, 1996* (Summary).
<http://www.mdch.state.mi.us/pha/epi/esd/Asthma/ahdr.htm>.